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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/086,946	02/28/2002 90 06/01/2004	Ray L. Pickup	10012968 -1	7672
Intellectual Prop	ACKARD COMPANY perty Administration		EXAMIN LIANG, LEON	
P.O. Box 27240 Fort Collins, Co			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			DATE MAILED: 06/01/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/086,946	PICKUP, RAY L.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Leonard S Liang	2853			
The MAILING DATE of this c mmunication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period versions are reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (\$\frac{3}{2}will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH to become ABAN to cause the application to become ABAN to the second ABAN to the s	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication.			
Status.	ing the second of the second o	er en en groen en en general en			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Fe	ahruany 2004				
<u></u>	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	* ·	procedution as to the marite in			
closed in accordance with the practice under E					
	,	1, 100 0.0.210.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,14-23,29-38,40 and 41</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,14-23,29-38,40 and 41</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 February 2004</u> is/are	·	oated to by the Eveniner			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	•				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa					
	arrimor. Note the attached O	mee Action of form P10-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a a) All b) Some * c) None of:	•	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau		eived in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not rec	eived.			
	· ·				
Attachment(s)		•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sumr				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SR/08)	Paper No(s)/Ma	ail Date nal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	iai Fatent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Acti	ion Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20040525			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

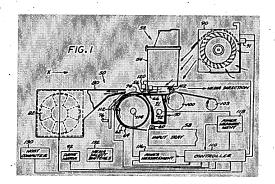
(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5-6, 14-20, 22-23, 29, 31-32, 35-38, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Richtsmeier et al (US Pat 5428384).

Richtsmeier et al discloses:

{claim 1} A method of operating an inkjet printing mechanism (figure 1; abstract); passing media through a printzone, the printzone including a support apparatus supporting the media thereat (figure 1; reference 56, 100, MEDIA DIRECTION); during the passing, applying in a printzone print imaging by application of ink from an ink dispensing element and onto a first surface of the media (figure 1, reference 52; abstract); directing an airflow at the first surface (figure 1, reference 90), the airflow including a first directional component away from the printzone and a second directional component into the first surface, the second directional component urging at least a portion of the media against the support apparatus in the printzone (figure 1, reference 90; abstract; airflow from blower 90 can be divided into first and second components; first directional component is directed both towards and away from printzone as the airflow moves from the crossflow fan to the evacuation fan)

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- {claim 5} the airflow carries heat energy taken from a heat source (figure 1; abstract)
- {claim 6} resistive elements carrying electrical current therethrough and having resistance thereto sufficient to produce elevated temperature in the airflow as the heat energy carried by the airflow moving therepast (figure 1, reference 72; column 7, line 65-column 8, line 36; inherent to bulb 72 as it is turned on and off)
- {claim 14} the second directional component is of sufficient magnitude to maintain the media against the support surface in the printzone (figure 1)
- {claim 15} the second directional component is directed away from the printzone (figure 1; abstract)
- {claim 16} the first directional component is substantially uniform across the media in a direction generally transverse to a feed direction of the media passing through the printzone (figure 1)
- {claim 17} the second directional component has greater magnitude at a laterally-outermost portion of the media relative to a laterally-central portion of the media (figure 1)

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- {claim 18} the first directional component varies across the media in a direction generally transverse to a direction of the media passing through the printzone (figure 1)
- {claim 19} An ink assist air knife (figure 1, reference 90); a heat source (figure 1, reference 72), the heat source including an inlet and an outlet, the heat source introducing heat energy into an airflow moving therethrough from the inlet to the outlet (figure 1, reference 72, 90; air is heated as it passes from crossflow fan to evacuation fan); an air transport fluidly coupled to the heat source and moving the airflow therethrough (figure 1, reference 72, 90); and a conduit fluidly coupled to the air transport whereby the airflow as provided by the air transport passes through the conduit and exits a vent of the ink assist air knife as a heated airflow. with the vent being located relative to an inkjet printing mechanism having a printzone, the airflow as provided at the vent including directional components away from the printzone and sufficiently into media for stabilization thereof within the printzone, the media having print imaging thereon as applied by the inkjet printing mechanism within the printzone (figure 1, reference 90, 82; abstract; airflow from crossflow fan can be broken into horizontal first and second components)
- {claim 20} the heat source comprises electrically conductive elements offering resistance to electrical current passing therethrough (figure 1, reference 72; column 7, line 65-column 8, line 36; inherent to bulb 72 as it is turned on and off)

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• {claim 22} An inkjet printing mechanism (figure 1); a printing system, including an ink dispensing element selectively ejecting ink droplets to produce imaging in a printzone thereof (figure 1, reference 52, 56), the printing system further comprising a support apparatus partially bounding the printzone to support media therein relative to the ink dispensing element (figure 1, reference 100); and an ink drying system including a heat source, an air transport, and an outlet vent, the air transport providing an airflow through the heat source, at the vent, and against the media with directional components at the outlet vent including a first component directed away from the printzone and a second component directed sufficiently into the media for stabilization thereof within the printzone (figure 1, reference 90; airflow from crossflow fan can be divided into first and second components; abstract)

- {claim 23} the airflow promotes drying of the print imaging and maintains the media within a selected range of distance relative to the ink dispensing element by maintaining the media against the support apparatus (figure 1; abstract)
- {claim 29} the heat source comprises electric components offering resistance to electrical current passing therethrough (figure 1, reference 72; column 7, line 65-column 8, line 36; inherent to bulb 72 as it is turned on and off)
- {claim 31} An ink assist air knife (figure 1, reference 90); heat energy supplying means for generating heat energy (figure 1, reference 72); airflow producing means for producing an airflow (figure 1, reference 90), including means for collecting heat energy from the heat energy supplying means for incorporation

into the airflow (figure 1, reference 90, 72), and airflow directing means for applying the airflow to print imaging with directional components of substantial magnitude into the print imaging so as to be sufficient to stabilize media within a printzone whereat the print imaging is produced and bearing the print imaging and with directional components away from the printzone whereat and print imaging is produced (figure 1, reference 90; airflow can be divided into horizontal and vertical components; abstract)

- {claim 32} the heat energy supplying means comprises electric component means for offering resistance to electrical current passing therethrough (figure 1, reference 72; column 7, line 65-column 8, line 36; inherent to bulb 72 as it is turned on and off)
- {claim 35} An inkjet printing mechanism; print imaging applying means for producing print imaging on media in a printzone; and airflow directing means for directing the airflow into the print imaging including airflow directional components away from the printzone and sufficiently into the media to stabilize the media in the printzone (figure 1; abstract)
- {claim 36} the inkjet printer further comprises means for incorporating heat energy into the airflow (figure 1; abstract)
- {claim 37} the airflow directing means includes an air knife vent (figure 1, reference 90)
- {claim 38} the air knife vent is stationary (figure 1, reference 90)

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• {claim 40} An inkjet printing mechanism (figure 1); a print imaging device producing print imaging on media in a printzone (figure 1, reference 52); and an airflow directing device applying an airflow to the media including first directional components away from the printzone and second directional components sufficiently toward the media to bear the media against a support apparatus of the printzone and thereby stabilize the media within the printzone (figure 1, reference 90; airflow can be divided into first and second components; abstract)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4, 7-11, 21, 30, 33-34, and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richtsmeier et al (US Pat 5428384) in view of Smith (US Pat 5020244).

Richtsmeier et al discloses a method of operating an inkjet printing mechanism and an ink assist air knife (as applied to claims 2-4, 7-11, 21, 30, 33-34, and 41).

Richtsmeier et al differs from the claimed invention in that it does not disclose:

- {claim 2} the airflow is directed from an elongate vent
- {claim 3} a length dimension of the elongate vent is generally transverse to a media feed direction of the media passing through the printzone

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• {claim 4} the length dimension of the elongate vent is substantially coincident with a width of the printzone

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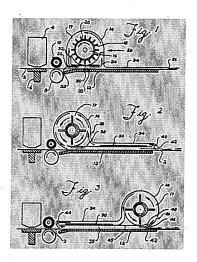
- {claim 7} the resistive elements include electronic control circuit components serving also to support operation of an inkjet printer
- {claim 8} the airflow is provided from an elongate vent having a length dimension less than a width of the printzone
- {claim 9} the airflow carries heat energy taken from a heat source otherwise producing waste heat energy
- {claim 10} the waste heat energy originates from electronic control circuit components
- {claim 11} the waste heat energy originates from motor components
- {claim 21} the electrically conductive elements include control components serving also to support operation of the inkjet printing mechanism
- {claim 30} the electrically conductive components include electronic control components directing operation of the inkjet printing mechanism
- {claim 33} the resistive elements include electronic control component means for supporting operation of an inkjet printing mechanism means for producing the print imaging
- {claim 34} the airflow directing means include a vent located in an inkjet printing mechanism having a printzone, the airflow being provided at the vent, the printzone defining a location at which the print imaging is formed

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• {claim 41} the airflow directing device is an air knife having an elongate slot located proximate the media and proximate the printzone whereby the second directional components maintain the media against the support surface when in the printzone

Smith discloses:

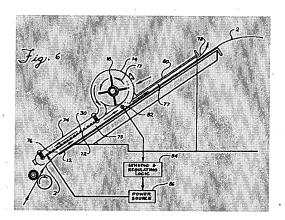
• {claim 2} the airflow is directed from an elongate vent (figure 1, reference 22, 26)



- {claim 3} a length dimension of the elongate vent is generally transverse to a media feed direction of the media passing through the printzone (figure 1-3, reference 22, 26)
- {claim 4} the length dimension of the elongate vent is substantially coincident with a width of the printzone (figure 1-3, reference 22, 26)
- {claim 7} the resistive elements include electronic control circuit components serving also to support operation of an inkjet printer (column 5, lines 36-63)

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- {claim 8} the airflow is provided from an elongate vent having a length dimension less than a width of the printzone (figure 1, reference 32)
- {claim 9} the airflow carries heat energy taken from a heat source otherwise producing waste heat energy (abstract)
- {claim 10} the waste heat energy originates from electronic control circuit components (figure 6, reference 86; column 5, lines 53-63; claim naturally suggested)



- {claim 11} the waste heat energy originates from motor components (naturally suggested in view of column 5, lines 41-46)
- {claim 21} the electrically conductive elements include control components serving also to support operation of the inkjet printing mechanism (column 5, lines 36-63)
- {claim 30} the electrically conductive components include electronic control components directing operation of the inkjet printing mechanism (column 5, lines 36-63)

• {claim 33} the resistive elements include electronic control component means for supporting operation of an inkjet printing mechanism means for producing the print imaging (column 5, lines 36-63)

- {claim 34} the airflow directing means include a vent located in an inkjet printing mechanism having a printzone, the airflow being provided at the vent, the printzone defining a location at which the print imaging is formed (figure 1, reference 22, 26)
- {claim 41} the airflow directing device is an air knife having an elongate slot located proximate the media and proximate the printzone whereby the second directional components maintain the media against the support surface when in the printzone (figure 1, reference 22, 26; claim naturally suggested)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Smith into the invention of Richtsmeier et al. The motivation for the skilled artisan in doing so is to gain the benefit of providing an enhanced drying apparatus and method which optimizes air velocity relative to a medium surface, temperature of the blown air, and the relative humidity of the blown air (column 1, lines 41-45).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11, 14-23, 29-38, and 40-41 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leonard S Liang whose telephone number is (571) 272-2148. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5 Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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LAMSON NGUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINER